



# Turbine Efficiency Monitoring

## With RISONIC modular flow measurement

This type of efficiency monitoring is particularly suitable for the determination of temporal changes in turbine efficiencies.

### Input variables

The following input variables are needed for the evaluation and are continuously evaluated:

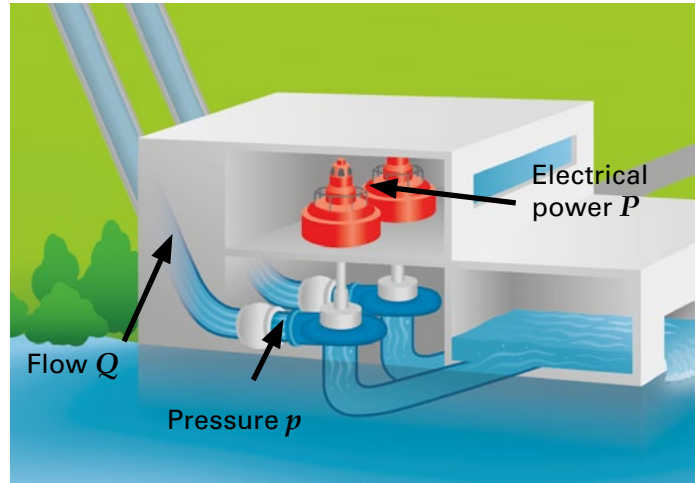
Electrical power output  $P$   
from generator  
(i.e. from energy/power measurement)

$P_{electric}$

Flow  $Q$  through penstock and turbine  
(i.e. from flow measurement)

Net head i.e. pressure  $p$  at turbine  
housing/entry  
(i.e. from pressure measurement)

$P_{hydraulic}$



### Implementation

- Integrated in RISONIC modular flow measurement system
- Standalone i.e. as complementary/redundancy to existing control systems

### Calculation

The efficiency is calculated as follows:

$$\eta = \frac{P_{electric}}{P_{hydraulic}}$$

### Limitations

Several aspects are not considered such as:

- Generator losses
- Thermodynamic measurement/influences of temperature rise
- Pumping operation
- Interdependency with multi-turbine set-ups

Note: not all requirements from IEC-60041 and ASME PT-18 are covered with these simplified turbine efficiency evaluations.